

# Java programming with Eclipse

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# 1 References

## ■ Documentation

- ◆ Web site: <http://www.eclipse.org>
- ◆ A short guide [Burnette, 2005]
- ◆ The welcome screen proposes to explore introductory materials, including examples and tutorials
  - ▶ After the first execution, available in `HELP/WELCOME`

## ■ Installation: debian package or package from the website

- ◆ Different flavors:
  - ▶ Java is the standard one
  - ▶ J2EE adds tools and wizards for enterprise development
  - ▶ RCP/Plugin allows to build your own Eclipse plugins
  - ▶ Classic contains development tools and source code for customizing Eclipse

## ■ Plugins: <http://www.eclipseplugincentral.com>

## ■ Tutorials: <http://eclipse-tutorial.dev.java.net>

## ■ Eclipse help: <http://help.eclipse.org>

# 2 Motivations and principles

## ■ Widely used IDE for Java (and made in Java), but not only !

## ■ Eclipse needs a JRE (1.4+)

- ◆ A specific Java compiler is embedded, no need for a JDK
- ◆ Suggestion: Use latest Sun's JRE (some distrib use gcj, not recommended)

## ■ Everything is a plugin

- ◆ Very extensible (UML, Test, GUI...) and customizable
- ◆ A plugin can add new wizards/functionalities/...
- ◆ If you have boring/dirty work to do, search for a plugin
- ◆ Plugins can be installed by a simple 'unzip' in the `Plugins` sub-directory

## 3 Terminology

- Workspace = location where settings will be stored
  - ◆ Suggestion: Do not manually install your source code in your workspace
- Workbench = main window, composed of views and editors
- Perspective = a set of views, editors and toolbars = a configuration
  - ◆ Resource: Arrange your files and projects
  - ◆ Java: Develop programs in the Java language
  - ◆ Debug: Diagnose and debug at runtime
  - ◆ Java type hierarchy: Explore your code based on class relationships
- Main views
  - ◆ Package explorer: All projects, Java packages and files
  - ◆ Hierarchy: Class and interface relationships for the selected object
  - ◆ Outline: Structure of the currently open file
  - ◆ Problems: Compiler errors and warnings
  - ◆ Console: Output of program executions

## 4 Workbench

- Open a view: WINDOW/SHOW VIEW
- Switch to a perspective: WINDOW/OPEN PERSPECTIVE or icon to the right of the main toolbar
  - ◆ You can save your favourite window arrangements as named perspectives
- Configure the Java perspective
  - ◆ Editor (emacs):  
WINDOWS/PREFERENCES/GENERAL/EDITORS/KEYS/MODIFY/SCHEME
  - ◆ Text encoding (ISO-8859-1):  
WINDOWS/PREFERENCES/WORKSPACE/TEXT FILE ENCODING
  - ◆ Show line numbers and print margin (80 columns)  
WINDOWS/PREFERENCES/GENERAL/EDITORS/TEXT EDITORS
  - ◆ Code folding/unfolding (unfolding)  
WINDOWS/PREFERENCES/JAVA/EDITOR/FOLDING
  - ◆ Code formatting (eclipse 2.1 built-in)  
WINDOWS/PREFERENCES/JAVA/CODESTYLE/FORMATTER

◆ Java JRE (do not choose gcj for Java 1.5)

WINDOWS/PREFERENCES/JAVA/INSTALLED JRES... ADD... BROWSE...

◆ XML plug-in (for Fractal ADL files)

▶ XML Buddy: <http://www.xmlbuddy.com>

▶ unzip in the directory eclipse/plugins

▶ Close and open eclipse, check for the new plug-in in HELP/ABOUT ECLIPSE SDK... PLUG-IN DETAILS

▶ Parse \*.fractal files as XML files

WINDOWS/PREFERENCES/GENERAL/EDITORS/FILE ASSOCIATION... ADD  
\*.FRACTAL AND ASSOCIATE XMLBUDDY

▶ Disable XML validation by XMLBuddy since the Fractal DTD is not a “true” DTD

## 5 Managing a project

■ A project = a directory structure

◆ Hidden config files (.project and .classpath)

■ Create a project, a package, a class

■ Configure a project

◆ Compiler options

PROJECT/PROPERTIES/JAVA COMPILER...

◆ Code templates (Java files header)

PROJECT/PROPERTIES/JAVA CODE STYLE/CODE TEMPLATES... ENABLE PROJECT  
SPECIFIC SETTINGS... COMMENTS... FILES

◆ Indicate where is the source code

PROJECT/PROPERTIES... JAVA BUILD PATH... SOURCE

◆ Default output folder (eclipse-build instead of build)

PROJECT/PROPERTIES... JAVA BUILD PATH... SOURCE

◆ jar dependencies

PROJECT/PROPERTIES... JAVA BUILD PATH... LIBRARIES

## 6 Writing Java code

- Automatic insertion of “imports”
- “Content assist” for a list of suggested completions for partially entered strings
  - ◆ CTRL+SPACE or invoke EDIT/CONTENT ASSIST
- “Java assist” for automatic completion and documentation
  - ◆ *E.g.*, `sysout` → `System.out.println()`;
  - ◆ *E.g.*, `for` → proposes four forms
- Quick fix of errors and warnings
  - ◆ Right click in the PROBLEMS view on the warning/error and chose QUICK FIX
  - ◆ Click on the bubble of the warning/error, and select the correction

## 7 Tips and Tricks

- CTRL+SHIFT+L: List of current key definitions for shortcuts
  - ◆ WINDOW/PREFERENCES/GENERAL/KEYS
- CTRL+SHIFT+F: Reformat (beautify) your code
- SHIFT+CTRL+O: Automatically add “imports”
- CTRL+CLICK ON CLASS NAME: Go to that source code
- SHIFT+ALT+/: Call to Java assist
- CTRL+SPACE: Call to Content assist
- SHIFT+ALT+J: Add Javadoc comments
- SHIFT+CTRL+/: Comment/Uncomment a line or a region

## 8 More on Eclipse \*

- Source control management with Subversion
- Execute Ant tasks: `WINDOWS/SHOW VIEW/ANT` and drag&drop the `build.xml` file
- Debugging
- Unit testing with JUnit
- Installing the plug-in subclipse to use Subversion  
<http://subclipse.tigris.org/install.html>

## References

[Burnette, 2005] Burnette, E. (2005). *Eclipse IDE: Pocket Guide*. O'Reilly.